## Centripetal acceleration

When moving along a circular path of radius $R$, with constant speed $v$, an object has acceleration directed towards the center, called Centripetal Acceleration:

$$
a=\frac{v^{2}}{R}
$$



## Homework

Problem 1. A car is moving on a ramp of radius $R=30 \mathrm{~m}$. Find the maximum speed that it may reach without skidding, if the coefficient of static friction between the road and the tires is $\mu=0.7$.

Problem 2. Find the speed and period of orbital motion of the International Space Station around the Earth. Note that its orbit is located $\mathbf{4 0 0} \mathbf{~ k m}$ above the ground. This is much smaller than the Earth radius $\mathbf{R = 6 3 7 0}$. This means that you can assume the gravitational force acting on the space station to be the same as on Earth surface, $\mathbf{M g}$. Also, for simplicity, take the radius of the orbit to be equal to that of Earth.

