## PROBABILITIES AND GEOMETRY

## **JANUARY 16, 2021**

So far we talked about probabilities for experiments where you only have finitely many possible outcomes (tossing a coin, etc). Another class of experiments is where you have infinitely many outcomes such as randomly choosing a point on the interval. Proper mathematical formulation of the probability rules requires some calculus, but for many problems, the following simple rules suffice:

• If a point on a line is chosen at random from some interval I of length L, then the probability that it will be in subinterval [a, b] is proportional to the length of this interval:

$$P(a \le x \le b) = \frac{|b-a|}{L}$$

• If a point on a plane is chosen at random from some region R of area A, then the probability that it will be in subregion R' is proportional to the area of this subregion:

$$P(x \in R') = \frac{A(R')}{A}$$

where A(R') is area of R'.

- 1. We have a piece of rope of length L which we cut at a random place. What is the average length of the shorter piece?
- 2. Two people have agreed to meet at certain location between 1pm-2pm. Each one arrives at the location at a random moment between 1 and 2; if the other person is not there, they wait for 15 minutes and then leave.

What is the probability that they will meet?

- **3.** Two numbers are chosen randomly in the interval [0,1]. What is the probability that their sum is larger than 1/2?
- 4. Three points are chosen at random on the circle. What is the probability that the triangle formed by these three points is obtuse?
- 5. Three points A, B, C are chosen at random in the interval [0, 1].
  - (a) What is the probability that A is the largest?
  - (b) What is the probability that A < B < C?
- 6. (a) Three points are chosen at random on the circle. What is the probability that the triangle formed by these three points contains the center of the circle?
  - \*(b) Four points are chose at random on the surface of the sphere. What is the probability that the tetrahedron formed by these four points contains the center of the circle?
- 7. Four points A, B, C, D are chosen on the circle at random. What is the probability that chords AB and CD intersect?

For the following problem you need to know the following fact:

Average value of function  $\sin(x)$  on interval  $0 \le x \le \pi$  (we measure angle in radians) is  $\frac{2}{\pi}$ .

If you are familiar with calculus, you can verify it by computing

$$\frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\pi \sin \alpha \, d\alpha$$

- 8. If we place a segment of unit length randomly on the plane, what is the average lenght (i.e. the expected value) of its projection on the x-axis?
- \*9. If we place an  $a \times b$  rectangle randomly on the plane, what is the average length of its projection on the x-axis?
- 10. Buffon's needle.

An infinite sheet of paper is lined horizontally, with lines 1 inch apart. We are dropping a 1 inch long needle on the paper at random.

Find the probability that it crosses at least one line.