## Math 4d. Homework 16.



1. Simplify the following fractions:

a. 
$$\frac{5!}{7!}$$
; b.  $\frac{n!}{(n-2)!}$ ;

- 2. How many three-digit numbers can be composed from digits 1, 2, 3 without repetition of digits? (all three digit in a number must be different)
- 3. How many three-digit numbers can be composed from digits 1, 2, 3, if repetition is allowed? (number can contain same digit, for example 111, 122, 331 are possible)
- 4. A musketeer has three beautiful hats, four elegant tabards, and two pairs of excellent boots. How many different costumes can he wear? (Tabard a sleeveless jerkin consisting only of front and back pieces with a hole for the head.
- 5. Mom has two apples, two bananas, and a peach to give to her kid for lunch. How many different ways are there for her to do it during one week? (Apples are identical)
- 6. Mary and Paula have to mail 1000 envelopes for a new marketing campaign. Mary can do the job alone in 6 hours. If Paula helps, they can get the job done in 4 hours. How long would it take Paula to do the job by herself?
- 7. Evaluate:

Hint: 
$$\frac{4.5}{4.2} = \frac{4.5 \cdot 10}{4.2 \cdot 10} = \frac{45}{42} = \frac{15 \cdot 3}{14 \cdot 3} = \frac{15}{14}$$
. Try to simplify first whenever possible.

$$\frac{\left(\frac{2.1}{0.4} + \frac{3.3}{1.8}\right) : 0.51 \cdot 0.36}{2\frac{2}{3} \cdot \left(\frac{4.5}{4.2} - \frac{1.6}{2.8}\right)}, \quad answer is \quad 3\frac{3}{4}$$

You need to show your work.

- 8. There are 21 juice bottles out of which 7 bottles are full, 7 are half-full and the remaining 7 are empty to be divided among 3 friends equally. You don't have any measuring device. How will you divide them (both bottles and juice) equally?
- 9. Compare without doing any calculation:

$$0.3 \cdot 3 \dots 0.3$$

10. Compare if possible (a is a positive (a > 0) number, not necessarily a natural number):

$$a \cdot \frac{1}{2} \dots a$$
;

$$a \cdot 0.3 \dots a;$$

$$a \cdot 0.3 \dots a;$$
  $a: \frac{1}{2} \dots a;$ 

$$a: 0.7 \dots a$$

$$a: 0.7 \dots a;$$
  $a: 0.7 \dots 0.7;$   $a \cdot 100 \dots 1000;$   $a: 100 \dots 1000$