HW\#22 is due March 31; submit to Google classroom 15 minutes before the class time. Please, write clearly which problem you are solving and show all steps of your solution.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Algebra review: formulas for fast multiplication } \\
& \qquad \begin{array}{l}
(a+b)^{2}=a^{2}+2 a b+b^{2} \\
(a-b)^{2}=a^{2}-2 a b+b^{2} \\
(a+b)(a-b)=a^{2}-b^{2}
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

## And factorizing:

$$
a(b+c)=a b+a c
$$

## Homework questions

1. Factorize by taking terms outside of the brackets:
(a) $6 a+12=$
(b) $m n+n=$
(c) $5 x y-15 x=$
(d) $4 a x-8 a x^{2}+12 a x^{2}=$
2. Factorize using the formulas for fast multiplication:
(a) $9-x^{2}=$
(b) $x^{6}-4=$
(c) $9-6 x+x^{2}=$
(d) $a^{3}-2 a^{2} x+a x^{2}=$
3. Show that the LHS = RHS:
(a) $(m-n)(a+b)+m-n=a(m-n)+(b+1)(m-n)$
(b) $x^{2}(x+1)-x-1=x(x+1)^{2}-(x+1)^{2}$
(c) $2 x(x+b)+a(x+b)=(2 x+a) x+(2 x+a) b$
(d) $(a+b)^{2}+c(a+b)=(a+b)(a+c)+(a+b) b$
4. Solve the equations:
(a) $2 x(x-1)=2\left(x^{2}-5\right)$
(b) $\frac{1}{6} x-\frac{2}{9}(x+5)=-\frac{1}{18}(x-1)$
(c) $3 x^{2}-(3 x+2)(x-1)-(x+2)=0$
5. Solve the equations:
(a) $|7 x+3|=18$
(b) $|x+17|=-3$
(c) $-|x+2|+3=0$
6. You are in a chemistry class and you are given a $5 L$ solution that contains $8 \%$ sugar. How many liters of $20 \%$ sugar solution do you have to add to obtain a:
(a) $10 \%$ solution
(b) $16 \%$ solution
