HW14 How to balance a chemical equation.

You can use some rules, but remember there are a few exceptions to the rules.

- 1. Begin by balancing one element at a time.
- 2. First balance elements that appear only once on each side of the equation. Balance multi-element compounds like KCl before balancing single-element terms like Cl₂. Balance H and O atoms last.
- 3. At the end check the number of all atoms. The numbers on the left should be equal to the numbers to the right for the same elements.

Examples:

 $Fe_2O_3 + CO \rightarrow Fe + CO_2$

First add a coefficient to balance iron

 $Fe_2O_3 + CO \rightarrow 2Fe + CO_2$

Carbon is already balanced. We have to balance oxygen.

 $Fe_2O_3 + 3CO \rightarrow 2Fe + 3CO_2$

Check the balance: we have 2 Fe, 3 C, and 6 O atoms on both sides.

 $C_3H_8 + O_2 \longrightarrow CO_2 + H_2O$

Putting a coefficient 4 with water will balance hydrogen. Inserting a 3 with carbon dioxide (CO₂) will balance carbon

 $C_3H_8 + O_2 \rightarrow 3CO_2 + 4H_2O$

Now we have 10 oxygen atoms on the right, so we need a 5 with O_2

 $C_3H_8 + 5 O_2 \rightarrow 3CO_2 + 4H_2O$

Now we have 3 C, 8 H, and 10 O on both sides.

Questions

- I. Balance the following equations:
- 1. NO + $O_2 \rightarrow NO_2$ 2. Fe + $Cl_2 \rightarrow FeCl_3$
- 3. C + H₂ \rightarrow C₅H₁₂
- 4. $C_6H_{14} + O_2 \rightarrow CO_2 + H_2O$
- **II.** Write down compounds where oxygen has oxidation number:
- a) +**2**
- b) +1
- c) -1